36.13. Model: You and your assistant are in the same reference frame. Light from the two lightning bolts travels toward you and your assistant at 300 m/ μ s. You and your assistant have synchronized clocks. **Visualize:** Lightning Your Lightning



Solve: Bolt 1 hits 9 km away, so the light takes 30 μ s to reach you (9000 m ÷ 300 m/ μ s). You see this flash at $t = 50 \ \mu$ s, so the lightning hit at $t_1 = 20 \ \mu$ s. Light from bolt 2, which hits 3 km away, takes 10 μ s to reach you. You see it at 10 μ s, so the lightning hit at $t_2 = 0 \ \mu$ s. The strikes are not simultaneous. Bolt 2 hits first, 20 μ s before bolt 1. Your assistance is in your inertial reference frame, so your assistant agrees that bolt 2 hits first, 20 μ s before bolt 1. **Assess:** A simple calculation would show that your assistant *sees* the flashes at the same time. When the flashes are seen is not the same as when the events happened.